## **REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY** (A Component Unit of the City of Rexburg, Idaho)

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information with Independent Auditors' Report

**September 30, 2020** 

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Trustees Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency Rexburg, Idaho

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the government activities and each major fund of the Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the City of Rexburg, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with other reporting required by *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2021, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rexburg, Idaho March 6, 2021

Rudd & Company, PLLC

### REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,879,531
Net property, plant and equipment	3,317,850
Total Assets	10,197,381
Liabilities	
Short-term liabilities	
Accounts payable	642,356
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year	599,769
Due after one year	3,662,528
Total Long-term Liabilities	4,262,297
Total Liabilities	4,904,653
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,317,850
Restricted	1,974,878
Total Net Position	\$ 5,292,728

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

## **Statement of Activities**

						Program	Revenue	es	Re	t (Expense) venue and Changes Net Assets
Functions/Programs	<u>E</u>	xpenses	Charg serv	Operating Capital es for grants and grants and		ital s and	Total Governmental activities			
Governmental Activities										
Administrative	\$	79,222	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(79,222)
Construction	]	,267,600		-		-		-		(1,267,600)
Bond interest		178,508						-		(178,508)
Total Governmental Activities	1	,525,330						_		(1,525,330)
General revenues										
Property taxes										2,440,730
Other revenues										121,167
Unrealized gain (1	oss)									507
Interest on investr										73,023
										2,635,427
Change in net asse	ets									1,110,097
Net position beginning of year										4,182,631
Net position end of y	ear								\$	5,292,728

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Governmental Fund Types - Balance Sheet and Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2020

		North Highway Fund	V	Vashington School Fund		Downtown Fund	University Boulevard Fund	I	North Interchange Fund	Iı	North nterchange Debt Service Reserve Fund	Admin Fund	Total
Assets													
Cash and investments Property	\$	52,637 341,512	\$	31,389 989,776	\$	1,111,749 1,986,562	\$ 2,874,877	\$	2,390,603	\$	354,096	\$ 64,180	\$ 6,879,531 3,317,850
Total Assets	\$	394,149	\$	1,021,165	\$	3,098,311	\$ 2,874,877	\$	2,390,603	\$	354,096	\$ 64,180	\$ 10,197,381
Liabilities Accounts payable		623		1,000		-	343,256		292,187		-	5,290	642,356
Fund Balances Restricted Unassigned	\$	393,526	\$	1,020,165	\$	3,098,311	\$ 2,531,621	\$	2,098,416	\$	354,096	\$ - 58,890	\$ 9,496,135 58,890
Total Fund Balances		393,526		1,020,165		3,098,311	2,531,621		2,098,416		354,096	58,890	9,555,025
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	394,149	\$	1,021,165	\$	3,098,311	\$ 2,874,877	\$	2,390,603	\$	354,096	\$ 64,180	\$ 10,197,381
Total Governmental Funds													\$ 9,555,025
Long-term liabilities are not du therefore are not reported as li Bonds payable				arrent period a	and								4,262,297
Net position of governmental	activ	vities											\$ 5,292,728

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Governmental Fund Types - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2020

	North Highway Fund	Washington School Fund	Downtown Fund	University Boulevard Fund	In North Interchange Fund	North terchange Debt Service Reserve Fund	Admin Fund	Total
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 804,470	\$ -	\$ 885,693	\$ 445,875	\$ 304,692	\$ -	\$ -	\$2,440,730
Other revenue Unrealized gain (loss)	-	-	85,429	507	-	-	35,738	121,167 507
Interest income	-	-	-	37,023	33,822	1,167	1,011	73,023
Total Revenues	804,470	-	971,122	483,405	338,514	1,167	36,749	2,635,427
Expenditures								
Administrative	9,262	-	17,045	8,986	19,237	-	24,692	79,222
Construction	-	-	-	449,277	816,123	-	-	1,265,400
Land purchase	-	-	2,200	-	-	-	-	2,200
Bond principal	428,169	-	-	-	126,394	-	-	554,563
Interest	32,801				145,707	_	_	178,508
Total Expenditures	470,232		19,245	458,263	1,107,461		24,692	2,079,893
Net Change in								
Fund Balances	334,238		951,877	25,142	(768,947)	1,167	12,057	555,534
Fund Balance								
October 1, 2019	59,288	1,020,165	2,146,434	2,506,479	2,867,363	352,929	46,833	8,999,491
Fund Balance								
September 30, 2020	\$ 393,526	\$ 1,020,165	\$3,098,311	\$ 2,531,621	\$ 2,098,416	\$354,096	\$ 58,890	\$9,555,025

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

#### REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

#### **Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds**

## Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 555,534
Long-term debt payments are recorded as expenditures on the statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in	
fund balances, but not in the statement of net assets	 554,563
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,110,097

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### The Reporting Entity

The Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) was created for the purpose of making improvements to infrastructure in specific areas of the City. It derives its revenues from the incremental tax increase that all taxing districts forfeit from increase in value of the land and buildings in the new construction areas.

The Agency is a component unit, as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, of the City of Rexburg, Idaho, because of its operational or financial relationship with the City. The City appoints the governing body of the Agency.

The Agency's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for the state and local governments through its pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, which do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Agency are discussed below.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The Agency's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Agency as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Agency's major funds) in combined statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Agency's activities and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Agency has no business-type activities.

The financial transactions of the Agency are reported in individual funds in the combined financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following governmental fund types are used by the Agency:

• The Special Revenue Funds consists of the University Boulevard Fund, the North Highway Fund, the Washington School Fund, the Downtown Fund, the Yellowstone Trejo Fund and the North Interchange Fund used to account for the property taxes received by the Agency and to disburse payments on the obligations of the Agency.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• The Debt Service Reserve Fund is used to account for the funds placed in reserve to make payments of long-term debt.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

*Accrual*. Governmental activities in the combined government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual. The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e. both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### Budget

Budgets for the Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The budgets were not amended during the year. The Agency did not adopt budgets for the North Exchange Fund nor the Debt Service Reserve Fund during the fiscal year.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash includes amounts in demand deposit accounts as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Agency. Under state law, the Agency may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits or time deposits with state banks organized under Idaho law and national banks having their principle offices in Idaho. State statutes authorize the Agency to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The Agency has elected to deposit cash in excess of immediate needs into the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP was established as a cooperative endeavor to enable public entities of the State of Idaho to aggregate funds for investment. This pooling is intended to improve administrative efficiency and increase investment yield. The LGIP is managed by the State of Idaho Treasurer's office. An annual audit of LGIP is conducted by the State Legislative Auditors Office. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Idaho has full access to the records of the LGIP. All other cash is deposited with local banks in checking or savings accounts.

For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency does not have a policy for custodial credit risk outside of the deposit and investment agreements. The Agency is authorized to invest in the LGIP. This pooling is intended to improve administrative efficiency and increase investment yield.

Investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value. Contractual provision requires that monies in the Debt Service Reserve Fund be invested in certain direct, guaranteed or insured obligations of the United States of America.

#### **Revenues and Property Taxes**

Substantially all governmental fund revenues come from property taxes. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. The Agency does not levy property taxes.

In accordance with Idaho State law, property taxes are levied in September for each calendar year. All of the personal taxes and half of the real property taxes are due by December 20. The second half of the real property taxes is due by June 20. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1 of the following year. Notice of foreclosure is filed by the county clerk three years from the date of delinquency.

#### REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Expenditures**

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Administrative expenses reflect amounts paid or payable to the City of Rexburg. The Agency's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets such as streets, street improvements, water, sewer and other capital improvements, which the Agency pays for, are donated to the City of Rexburg, Idaho.

#### Insurance

The Agency is exposed to certain risk of loss due to general liability, wrongful acts, faithful performance and crime. The Agency has elected to transfer these risks through the purchase of insurance from a commercial enterprise. There have been no claims on insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Agency to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Agency because it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facility effective cash planning and control.

#### 2. Cash and Investments

#### **Deposits**

At September 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Agency's deposits was \$2,042,676 and the respective bank balances totaled \$2,049,523. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the name of the Agency.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned. As of September 30, 2020, \$1,549,523 of the Agency's total deposits of \$354,096 were not covered by the Federal deposit insurance or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, and thus were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Investments**

As of September 30, 2020, the Agency had the following investments:

	WAM	S&P		nvestment Maturities (in Years)						
	Years	Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1		1-5		6-10	More	han 10
State Investment Pool	4	N/A	\$ 4,728,907	\$ 4,500,151	\$	228,756	\$	-	\$	-
State Diversified Bond Fund	0	N/A	107,948	18,570		75,470		13,908		-
			\$ 4,836,855	\$ 4,518,721	\$	304,226	\$	13,908	\$	-

#### **Custodial Credit Risk Investments**

As of September 30, 2020, the Agency's investments were covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Agency, and thus had no investments that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the agency structures its portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. The state investment pool is a short-term investment fund in which participants have overnight availability to their funds.

#### 2. Cash and Investments (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Agency's policy to limit investments to the safest types and to diversify the Agency's investment portfolio so that potential losses on securities will be minimized. The Agency follows Idaho statue that outlines qualifying investment options.

#### Summarized cash balances:

Beehive Cash	\$ 1,688,580
DL Evans Reserve	354,096
State Investment Pool	4,728,907
State Diversified Bond Fund	 107,948
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6,879,531

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

The Agency has implemented GASB No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This guidance requires government entities to measure investments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This guidance clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Under this guidance, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. This guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

GASB No. 72 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs). The following summarizes the fair value hierarchy:

#### 3. Fair Value Measurements

Level 1 Inputs – Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market.

Level 2 Inputs – Inputs other than the quoted process in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs – Inputs based on prices or valuation techniques that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurements.

GASB No. 72 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs.

Level 3 was determined by original purchase price as the land had recently been purchased.

Fair value assets measured on a recurring basis at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

			Ç	Quoted Prices		
				in Active	Significant	
				Markets for	Other	Significant
			Ider	ntical Assets/	Observable	Unobservable
				Liabilities	Inputs	Inputs
		Fair Value		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
State Investment Pool		\$ 4,728,907	\$	4,728,907	\$ -	\$ _
State Diversified Bond Fund		107,948		107,948	-	-
Land		 3,317,850		-	 -	 3,317,850
	Total	\$ 8,646,825	\$	4,836,855	\$ 	\$ 3,317,850

#### 4. Long-term Liabilities

The long-term debt of the agency is as follows:

			September 30, 2020
<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate	Fiscal Years	 Balance
North Highway Revenue Allocation District	4.06%	2020-2022	\$ 888,691
Revenue Allocation Bonds	to 4.47%		
Series 2010 Dated June 2, 2010			
(Original amount - \$4,656,000)			
North Interchange Revenue Allocation District Revenue Allocation Bonds Series 2016, Dated September 12, 2016 (Original amount - \$3,500,000)	4.09%	2018-2036	3,373,606
			\$ 4,262,297

The Agency sold revenue allocation (tax increment) bond, Series 2016, in the principle amount of \$3,500,000 on September 12, 2016. The notes mature on September 1, 2036, and the interest rate is 4.09%.

The Agency paid off the revenue allocation (tax increment) bond, Series 2010, in the principle amount of \$2,754,000 on November 11, 2016. They Agency funded the payoff by entering into revenue allocation (tax increment) refunding bond, Series 2016 in the amount of \$2,553,070. The notes mature on September 1, 2022, and the interest rate averages 2.45%. The current portion of principal is \$599,769 and the long-term portion is \$888,691. The refunding was defeasement and reissuance of bonds but there was no monetary increase or decrease for the Agency at the time of refinance. See below for summary of the transaction that took place:

## 4. Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Governmental long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning					E	Ending	(	Current
	Balance	Addi	tions	R	eductions	В	alance		Portion
Revenue allocation tax increment bond 2016 N. Highway	\$ 1,316,861	\$	-	\$	(428,170)	\$	888,691	\$	438,894
Revenue allocation tax increment bond									
2016 N. Interchange	3,500,000		-		(126,394)	3	,373,606		160,875
Total	\$ 4,816,861	\$	-	\$	(554,564)	\$ 4	,262,297	\$	599,769

Scheduled principal repayments on long-term obligations for the remaining life of the bond are as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	599,769	133,302	733,071
2022	616,132	116,939	733,071
2023	171,982	100,119	272,101
2024	177,553	94,548	272,101
2025	183,846	88,255	272,101
2026-2030	1,016,975	376,913	1,393,888
2031-2034	945,094	198,175	1,143,269
2035-2039	550,946	22,137	573,083
	\$ 4,262,297	\$ 1,130,388	\$ 5,392,685

#### 5. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the management of the Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through March 6, 2021, the date of the financial statements were available to be issued.

Subsequent to year-end, Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency may have been negatively impacted by the effects of the world-wide coronavirus pandemic. Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, the full impact to Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's financial position is not known.

#### 6. Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified depending on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used as follows:

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantor and contributors, or laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative residual balance as unassigned.

Details of constraints on fund balances of governmental funds are on the following page:

## **6. Fund Balances (continued)**

	North Highway Fund	Washington School Fund	Downtown Fund	University Boulevard Fund	North Interchange Debt Service Reserve Fund	North Interchange Fund	Admin Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:								
Restricted for:								
University Boulevard area								
capital improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,531,621	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,531,621
North Highway area								
capital improvements	393,526	-	-	-	-	2,098,416	-	2,491,942
Washington School area								
capital improvements	-	1,020,165	-	-	-	-	-	1,020,165
Downtown area capital								
improvements	-	-	3,098,311	-	-	-	-	3,098,311
North Interchange area					251.005			251.006
capital improvements					354,096			354,096
	393,526	1,020,165	3,098,311	2,531,621	354,096	2,098,416	-	9,496,135
Unassigned					. <u> </u>		58,890	58,890
	\$ 393,526	\$ 1,020,165	\$ 3,098,311	\$ 2,531,621	\$ 354,096	\$ 2,098,416	\$ 58,890	\$ 9,555,025



## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **North Highway Fund**

		inal and Final Budget Amount	I	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$	877,000	\$	804,470	\$	(72,530)	
Fund Balance Carryover	1	910,000		804,470		(910,000) (982,530)	
Expenditures Contingency	1	,358,800 428,200		52,354 417,878		1,306,446 10,322	
<b>.</b>	1	,787,000		470,232		1,316,768	
<b>Bond Principal Payments</b>				334,238		(334,238)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses		-		-		-	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				59,288		59,288	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	-	\$	393,526	\$	393,526	

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **Washington School Fund**

	Original and Final Amounts Budget Budgetary Amount Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	
Fund Balance Carryover	36,1	.00	-	 (36,100)	
	36,1	.00	-	(36,100)	
Expenditures		-	-	-	
Contingency			-	 _	
			-	 -	
Other Financing Sources(Uses)					
Transfers			-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over					
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	36,1	.00	-	(36,100)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		<u>-</u> _	1,020,165	 1,020,165	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	- \$	1,020,165	\$ 1,020,165	

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **Downtown Fund**

	Original and Final Budget Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$ 654,000	\$ 971,122	\$ 317,122	
Fund Balance Carryover	785,300		(785,300)	
	1,439,300	971,122	(468,178)	
Expenditures	816,000	19,245	796,755	
Contingency	623,300	-	623,300	
·	1,439,300	19,245	1,420,055	
Other Financing Sources(Uses)				
Transfers				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over				
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	-	951,877	951,877	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,146,434	2,146,434	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 3,098,311	\$ 3,098,311	

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **University Boulevard Fund**

	Original and Final Budget Amount	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	\$ 535,000	\$ 483,405	\$ (51,595)		
Fund Balance Carryover	2,115,600	-	(2,115,600)		
	2,650,600	483,405	(2,167,195)		
Expenditures	1,734,000	458,263	1,275,737		
Contingency	916,600	-	916,600		
	2,650,600	458,263	2,192,337		
Other Financing Sources(Uses)					
Transfers					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over					
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	-	25,142	25,142		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,506,479	2,506,479		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 2,531,621	\$ 2,531,621		

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **North Interchange Fund**

	Original and Actual Final Amounts Budget Budgetary Amount Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Borrowings	\$	302,000	\$	338,514	\$	36,514
Fund Balance Carryover		2,009,900		-		(2,009,900)
		2,311,900		338,514		(1,973,386)
Expenditures		2,216,300		1,107,461		1,108,839
Contingency		95,600		_		95,600
Ç		2,311,900		1,107,461		1,204,439
Other Financing Sources(Uses)						
Transfers		_				_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over						
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>		-		(768,947)		(768,947)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		-		2,867,363		2,867,363
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$		\$ :	2,098,416	\$	2,098,416

## REXBURG URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY Budgetary Comparison Schedule

## **Administration Expenses Fund**

	Original and Actual Final Amounts Budget Budgetary Amount Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	\$ 114,200	\$ 36,749	\$ (77,451)	
Fund Balance Carryover	67,500		(67,500)	
	181,700	36,749	(144,951)	
Expenditures	16,800	24,692	(7,892)	
Contingency	164,900	<u> </u>	164,900	
	181,700	24,692	157,008	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Sources Over				
<b>Expenditures and Other Uses</b>	-	12,057	12,057	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		46,833	46,833	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 58,890	\$ 58,890	



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency Rexburg, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Rexburg Urban Renewal Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rexburg, Idaho March 6, 2021

Rudd & Company, PLLC